



Università
degli Studi
di Ferrara



Unife
inclusiva

[UNIFE INCLUSIVA¹](#)

Central Guarantee Committee
Board for Equality

UniFErma la violenza

Vademecum with useful information to protect women's rights against any form of violence

ARE YOU A VICTIM OF VIOLENCE?

FOR HELP OR INFORMATION CONTACT, VIA CELLPHONE OR APP, THE FOLLOWING NUMBER

¹ Unife takes part in a "Working Table of the memorandum of understanding for the prevention of violence against women and minors" of the Prefecture of Ferrara.



Anti violence and *stalking* service - free number available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Specialized operators are there to receive requests for help and support from victims of violence and *stalking*.

This is a public service promoted by the Presidency of the Council of Ministers – Department for Equal Opportunities.

USEFUL ADVICE

If you are a victim of abuse and your rights have been violated, you can turn to numerous authorities or associations that can help and protect you.
This is who you can contact:

AUTHORITY	SERVICES GUARANTEED	CONTACT AND HOURS
<u>POLICE</u> QUESTURA DI FERRARA	Emergency intervention	Tel. 113 (24 hours a day) Tel. 0532/294311 <u>Corso Ercole I d'Este n.26 - 44121 Ferrara</u>
<u>CARABINIERI</u> Comando provinciale - Ferrara	Emergency intervention	Tel. 112 (24 hours a day) Tel. 0532/6891 <u>Corso della Giovecca, 110, 44121 Ferrara FE</u>
<u>ORDER OF LAWYERS OF FERRARA</u>	Interview, guidance with a lawyer and information, including on legal aid at the expense of the state	Tel. 0532/205500 <u>Via Borgo dei Leoni, 60/62, Ferrara.</u> Monday - Friday 9:00 a.m. - 12.00 p.m. e-mail: <u>info@ordineavvocatiferrara.it</u>

<u>WOMEN AND JUSTICE CENTRE</u>	Information, help, legal and psychological support	<p>Tel. 0532/247440 0532/410335</p> <p><u>Via Terranuova, 12/b, 44121 Ferrara</u></p> <p>e-mail: <u>donnagiustizia.fe@libero.it</u></p> <p><u>Facebook page</u></p>
---	--	--

WHEN	CAN INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING CRIME	TO BE PROTECTED BY THE LAW	MEASURES THAT CAN BE TAKEN	USEFUL ADVICE
If you are beaten	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assault and battery (Art. 581 c.p.) Grievous bodily harm (Art. 582 c.p.)² deformation of a person's appearance through permanent facial injuries (art. 583-quinquies c.p.) 	Press charges at the police station within 3 months. If you have suffered an injury that has caused you health problems for more than 20 days a police report is sufficient.	Despite the development of the legal procedure, if the injuries suffered have caused you health problems, you can ask for personal precautionary measures to be taken, in order to prevent from the very beginning, any form of contact between you and your aggressor (restraining order). In case of serious injuries, the aggressor will face preventive custody.	Press charges against your aggressor. Produce a detailed medical report, which documents any injuries you may have shown/suffered, by going to the emergency room or any other medical facility. Keep all documents and useful information as evidence.
If you are abused regularly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Domestic abuse (Art. 572 c.p.) Corporal punishment (Art. 571 c.p.) 	Press charges at the police station.	In case of abuse, all precautionary measures are applied (which prevent you from possibly getting in contact with those abusing you, during the trial and before the aggressor is sentenced).	Ask for help at an abuse prevention association and press charges at the police station. Keep all documents and useful information as evidence.
If you are forced to have a sexual relationship	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sexual assault (Art. 609 bis c.p.) Group Sexual assault (Art. 609 octies c.p.) 	<p>You must press charges at the police station within and no longer than 6 months after the assault. Free legal aid.</p> <p>In case of group violence, we proceed ex officio.</p>	All precautionary measures	Ask for medical assistance and press charges immediately. Keep all documents and useful information as evidence.
If you are forced, exploited, induced into prostitution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aid and abetting prostitution (Art. 2, l.75/1958) Child prostitution (art.600 bis c.p.) 	Press charges at the police station.	All precautionary measures	Immediately go to the police station. Keep all documents and useful information as evidence.

² The acronym C.P. stands for Penal Code. All of its articles are available only in Italian on the following site: <http://www.normattiva.it/uri-res/N2Ls?urn:nir:stato:regio.decreto:1930-10-19:1398>

If you have been treated like a slave	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduced to or kept in slavery or servitude (art. 600, 601 c.p.) 	Press charges at the police station.	All precautionary measures	Immediately go to the police station. Keep all documents and useful information as evidence.
If you have been subjected to genital mutilation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Female genital mutilation practices (art. 538 c.p.) 	Press charges at the police station.	All precautionary measures	Ask for medical assistance and press charges immediately. Keep all documents and useful information as evidence.
If you are a victim of repeated abuse and/or harassment (a.k.a <i>Stalking</i>)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Harassment (Art. 612 bis c.p.) Abuse towards family members and cohabitants (art. 572 c.p.) 	You can press charges at the police station within and no longer than 6 months after the harassment has stopped or, you can write a detailed petition to the Head of the Local Police to officially ask for the stalker to be warned.	All precautionary measures, in particular the restraining order, which prevents the stalker from getting near those areas that you and your family regularly visit.	Keep all useful information (messages, phone records and any form of persecution etc.) as evidence for the investigation. Never confront your stalker, call the emergency numbers 112/113 if she/he approaches areas where you live and work. If you are in a public place (street or square, etc.) go into the nearest shop. If in doubt, go to the nearest police station.
The prohibition measures of removal from your family home or the prohibition from coming into your proximity are violated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Violation of the prohibition measures of removal from your family home and of the prohibition from getting near the areas visited by the victim (Art. 387-bis c.p.) 	Contact the police	Who violates the obligations or prohibitions established by the precautionary measure ordered by the judge can be arrested and punished with imprisonment from six months up to three years.	Keep all documents and useful information as evidence.
Your family members and cohabitants are victims of abuse and/or persecutory acts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Persecutory acts (art. 612-bis c.p.) Abuse towards family members or cohabitants (art. 572 c.p.) 	Contact the police	<p>Who commits these crimes can be punished with severe sentences that can be increased up to half in case minors, pregnant women and disabled people are involved (as victims or because present when the crime happened). The same thing applies if these crimes are committed using arms.</p> <p>The court can impose, even during the investigations, the prohibition of getting near certain places regularly visited by minors.</p>	Keep all documents and useful information as evidence.
Illegal sharing of images or videos containing sexually explicit content (c.d. revenge porn)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (art 612-ter c.p.) 	Contact the police	Who, sends, delivers, cedes, publishes or shares private images or videos containing sexually explicit content,	Keep all documents and useful information as evidence.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remember that, as a general rule, the crime is punishable on complaint of the victim. The crime can be punishable ex officio if it is committed against a person who has a physical or psychological handicap, or a pregnant woman. 	<p>without consent from the owner can be punished with imprisonment or with a fine. The same thing applies to those who commit those conducts later, sharing material already shared by others. The sentence can be increased in some circumstances: if the crime is committed by the spouse, even when separated or divorced, or by a person who is or was linked romantically to the victim. The sentence consists in reclusion and a fine.</p>	
--	--	--	---	--

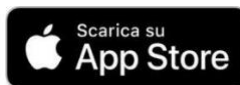
- If you are a female victim of violence, pursuant to art. 2, D.I. 93/2013, you have guaranteed free legal aid regardless of your income.
- If you are a worker, in both the public and private sector you can ask to be included in a protection program certified by the social services in your municipality of residence. In order for you to be included, you have the right to take a period of leave (or, in case of coordinated and continuous collaboration, a suspension of the employment relationship) for a maximum of three months. During this period of time you can benefit from indemnity and you can ask your employer, when possible, to transform your employment relationship from full-time to part-time, so that you can participate in the program continuously (Article 24, Legislative Decree. No. 80/2015).
- If you are a public employee and you are included in one of the aforementioned protection programs you also have the right to request to be transferred to a different location by submitting a transfer application to another public administration located in a municipality different from the one where you reside, communicating it to your administration. If the administration you have indicated has vacancies corresponding to your professional qualification, your administration of belonging will dispose of your transfer within fifteen days (Article 30, paragraph 1-ter, Legislative Decree No. 165/2001);
- With the law 134/2021, law Cartabia, the legal protection of victims of gender and domestic violence is extended to the victims of these crimes also when attempted.

APP (download it by clicking on the banner)

1522 Anti violence and Stalking



D.i.Re. Anti violence and stalking for smartphones



2023's review:

Content: Maria Giulia Bernardini – Researcher – Department of Law – University of Ferrara

Elena Mazzoni – Research Fellow – Department of Liberal Arts – University of Ferrara

Cinzia Mancini – Inclusion Policy Office – University of Ferrara