

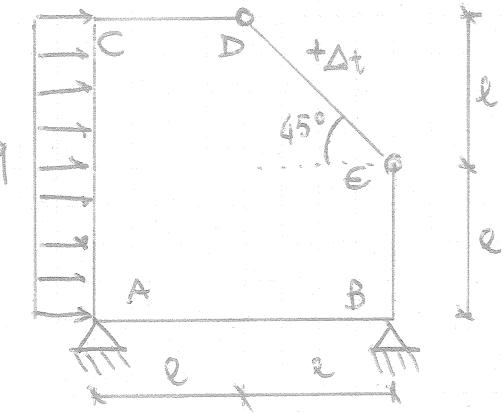
- 1) Risolvere la struttura in figura e disegnare i diagrammi M,N,T avendo posto $L=3$ m, $q=2000$ N/m, e considerando la deformazione assiale delle aste. In questa fase si trascuri il carico termico.
- 2) Risolvere e determinare i diagrammi M,N,T considerando anche un'azione termica $Δt=30^{\circ}\text{C}$ sull'asta DE (coefficiente di dilatazione termica $α=1,2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1}$).

Le aste AB, BE, AC, CD sono realizzate con un profilato in acciaio IPE 160 ($E= 210000$ MPa, $J_x=869$ cm 4 , $A=20.1$ cm 2 , $W=109$ cm 3)

L'asta DE è realizzata con un tondino di acciaio di sezione circolare piena e diametro $Ø=20$ mm

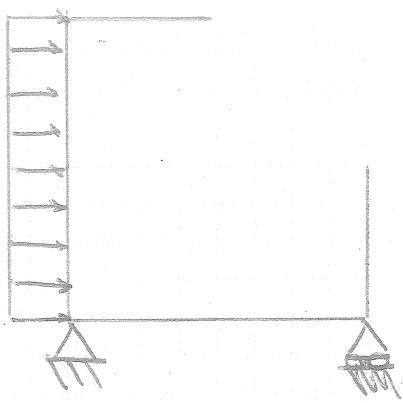
FILA A

06/06/2017



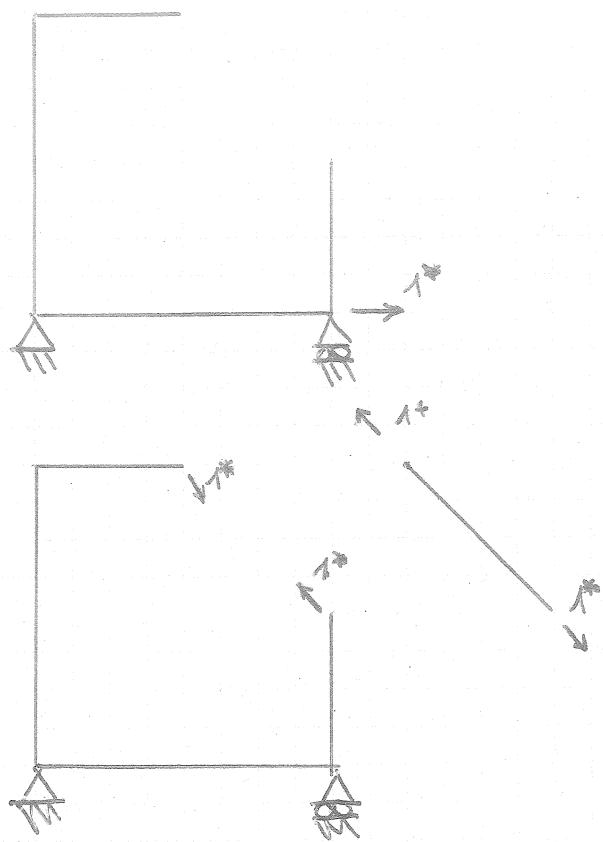
$$l = 3\text{m}$$

$$q = 2000 \text{ N/m}$$

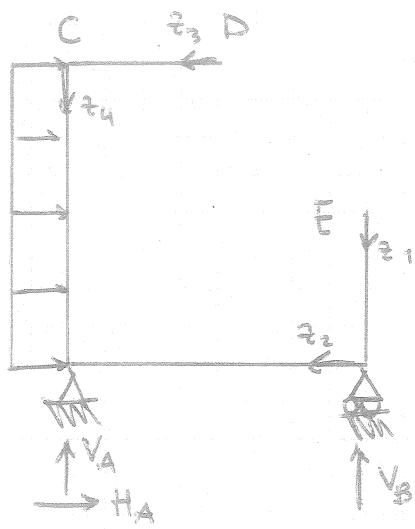


$$+$$
 x_1

$$+$$
 x_2



1) SISTEMA MA (0)

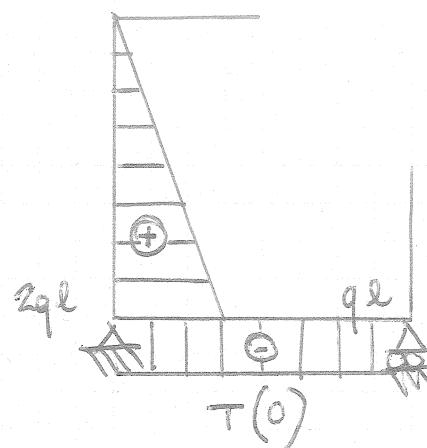
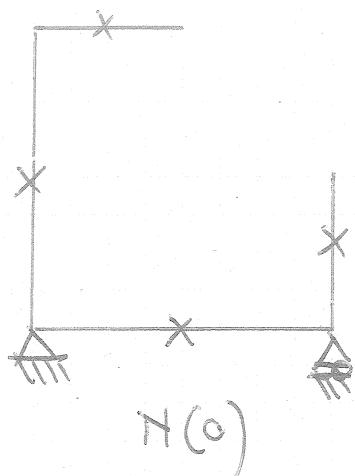


$$\rightarrow H_A = -2qe$$

$$A) V_B \cdot 2e - q2e^2 = 0$$

$$V_B = qe$$

$$\uparrow) V_A = -V_B = -qe$$

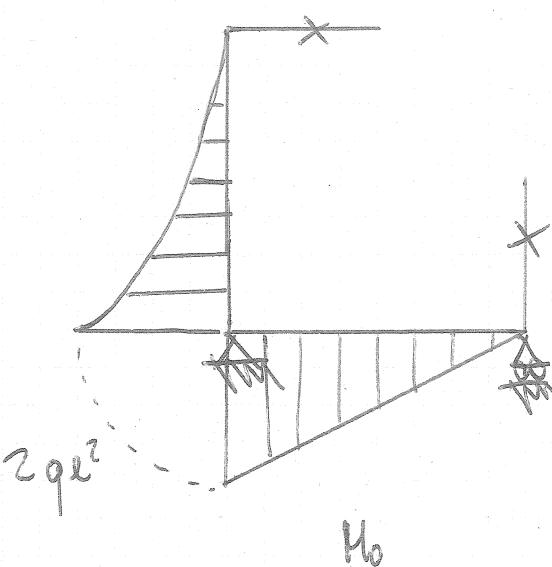


$$M_o(z_1) = 0$$

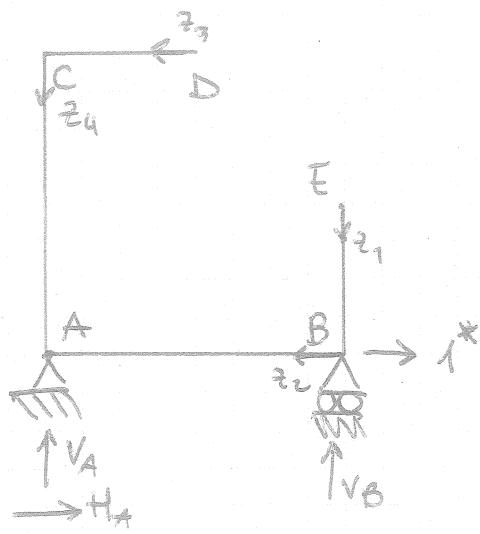
$$M_o(z_2) = V_B \cdot z = qle^2$$

$$M_o(z_3) = 0$$

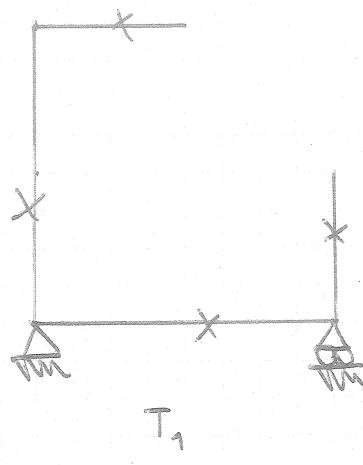
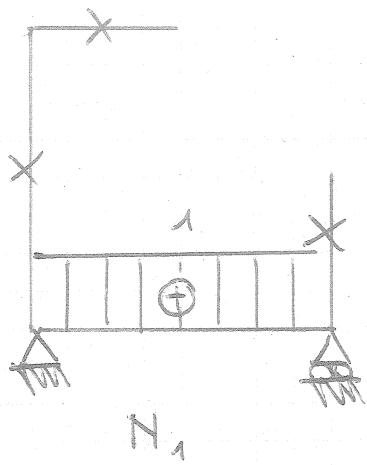
$$M_o(z_4) = -\frac{q}{2}e^2$$



SISTEMA (1)



$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} H_A = -1 \\ V_B = 0 \\ V_A = 0 \end{cases}$$

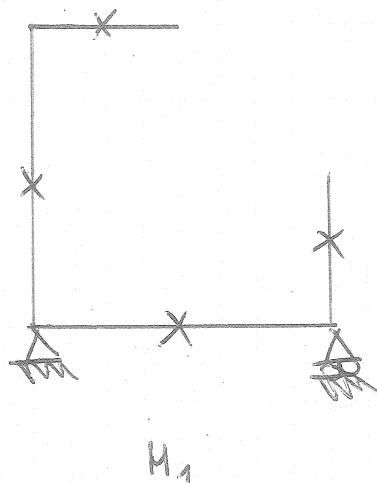


$$M_1(z_1) = 0$$

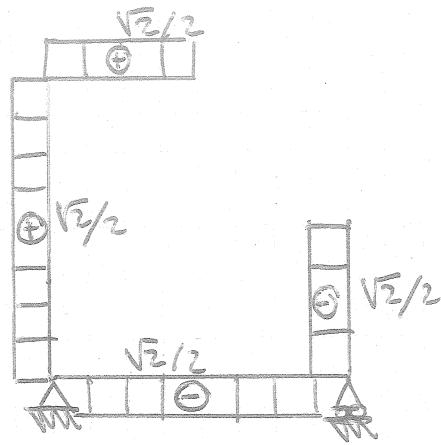
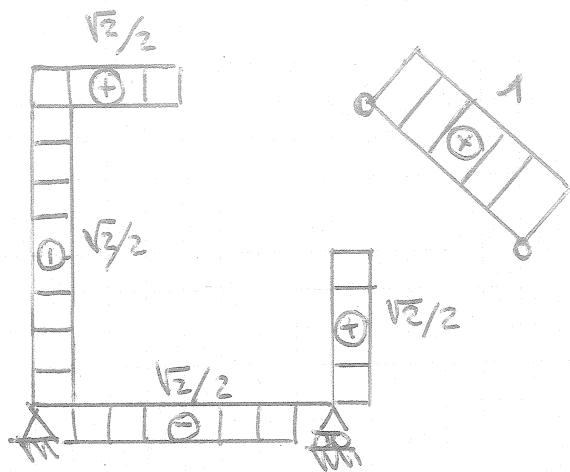
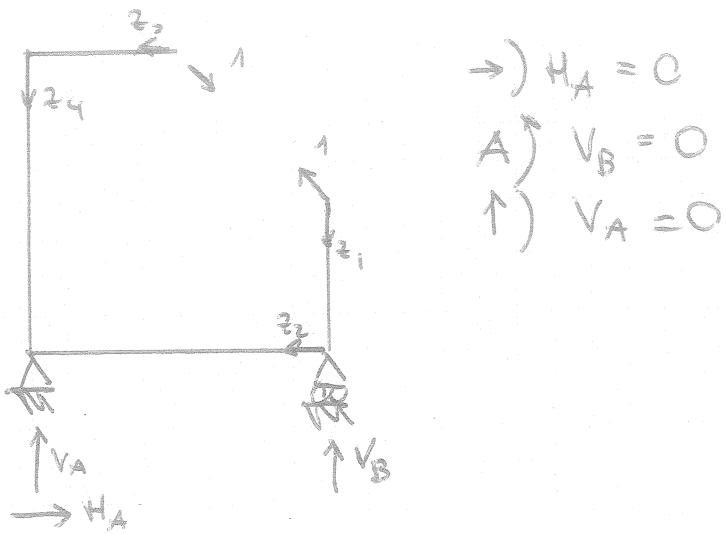
$$M_1(z_2) = 0$$

$$M_1(z_3) = 0$$

$$M_1(z_4) = 0$$



SISTEMA (2)

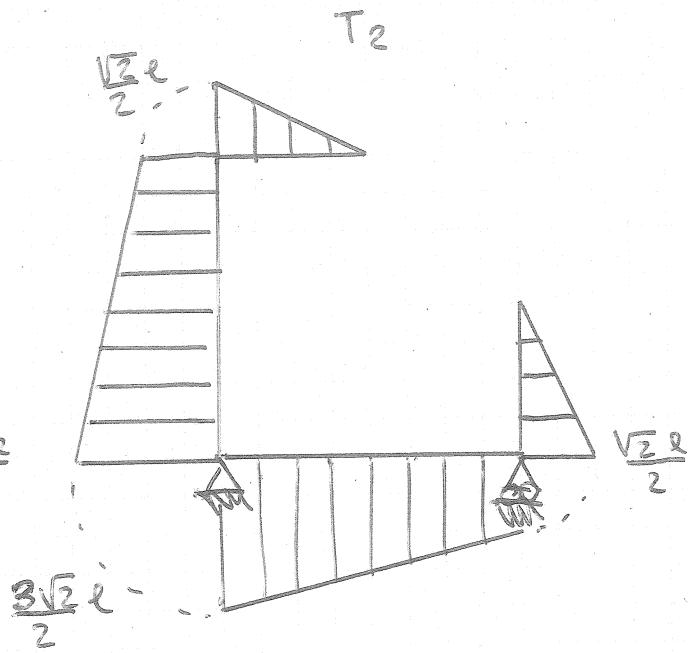


$$M_2(z_1) = (\sqrt{2}/2) \cdot z$$

$$M_2(z_2) = (\sqrt{2}e/2) + (\sqrt{2}/2) \cdot z$$

$$M_2(z_3) = -(\sqrt{2}/2) \cdot z$$

$$M_2(z_4) = -(\sqrt{2}e/2) - (\sqrt{2}/2) \cdot z$$



$$E = 2 \cdot 10^5 \text{ MPa} \quad A_{IPE} = 20,1 \text{ cm}^2 \quad J_{IPE} = 869 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$A_{TOND} = 3,14 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \Delta t = 0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$M_{10} = 0$$

$$M_{20} = \frac{1}{EI} \int_0^{2e} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (e+z) \right) \left(q e z \right) dz + \frac{1}{EI} \int_0^{2e} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (e+z) \right) \cdot \left(-\frac{q e^2}{2} \right) dz \\ = \frac{4\sqrt{2} q e^4}{EI}$$

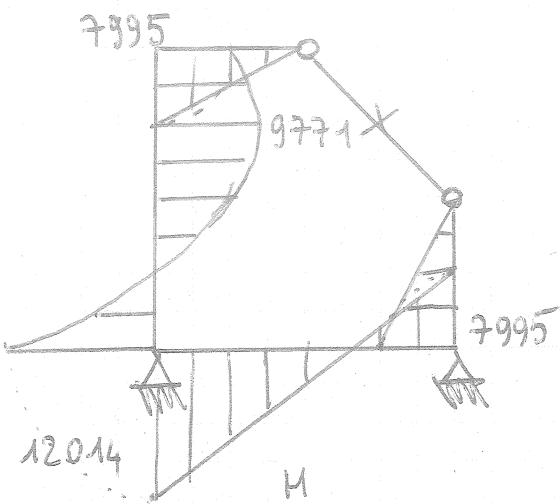
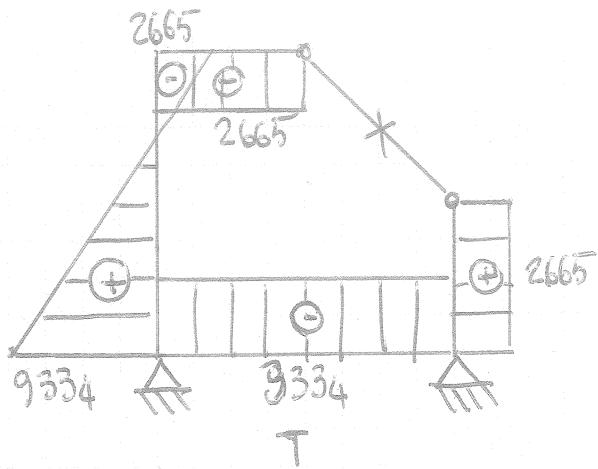
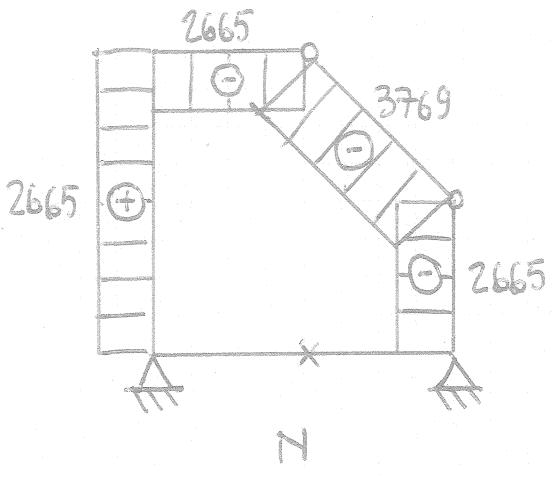
$$M_{11} = \frac{1}{EA_{IPE}} \int_0^{2e} (1)^2 dz = \frac{2e}{EA_{IPE}}$$

$$M_{22} = \frac{2}{EI} \int_0^e \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}z}{2} \right)^2 dz + \frac{2}{EI} \int_0^{2e} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (e+z) \right)^2 dz + \frac{6}{EA_{IPE}} \int_0^e \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)^2 + \\ + \frac{1}{EA_{TOND}} \int_0^{\sqrt{2}e} (1)^2 dz = \frac{9}{EI} e^3 + \frac{3e}{EA_{IPE}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}e}{EA_{TOND}}$$

$$M_{12} = \frac{1}{EA_{IPE}} \int_0^{2e} (1) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) dz = -\frac{\sqrt{2}e}{EA_{IPE}}$$

$$(1) \rightarrow \begin{cases} M_{11} \cdot x_1 + M_{12} \cdot x_2 = -M_{10} \\ M_{12} \cdot x_1 + M_{22} \cdot x_2 = -M_{20} \end{cases}$$

$$x_1 = -2665,09 \text{ N} \quad x_2 = -3769,01 \text{ N}$$



$$2) \quad \Delta t = 30^\circ C \quad \alpha = 1,2 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

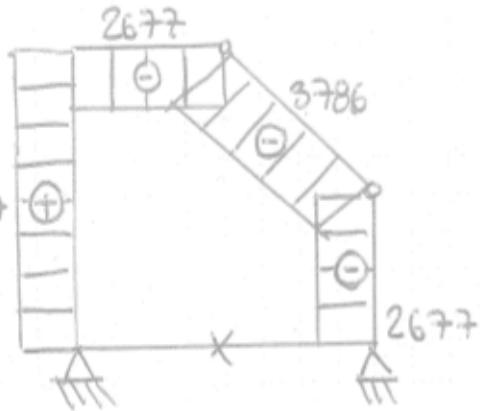
$$\varepsilon^t = \alpha \Delta t$$

$$(1) \rightarrow \{ M_{11} \cdot x_1 + M_{12} \cdot x_2 + M_{10} = 0 \}$$

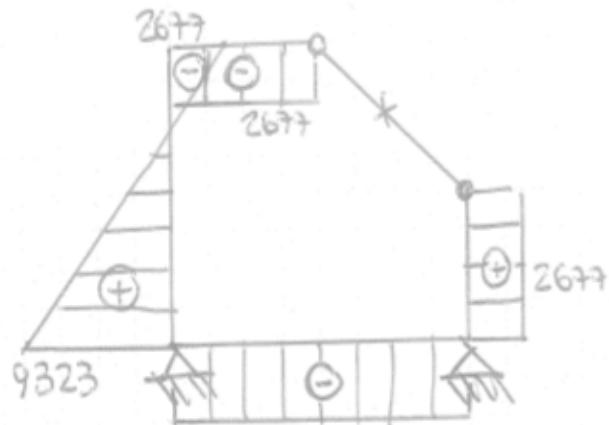
$$(2) \rightarrow \{ M_{12} \cdot x_1 + M_{22} \cdot x_2 + M_{20} + \int_0^{12014} (1) \alpha \Delta t dz = 0 \}$$

$$x_1 = -2677,3$$

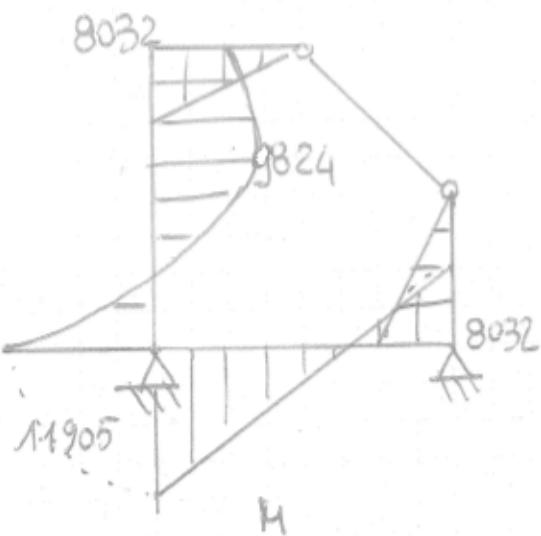
$$x_2 = -3786 \text{ N}$$



Z



T



H