8.3 Come analizzare i dati: introduzione a Shiny Insegnamento di Informatica

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Argomenti

Shiny

Basic Example

Examples with some complex operations

Others



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What is Shiny

- ▶ Shiny is an open-sourced by RStudio 11/2012 on CRAN.
- ▶ It represents a new model for Web-accessible R code.
- It is able to generate basic web user interfaces.
- It uses "The new HTTP".
- ▶ It is built on a "Reactive Programming" model.
- It supports custom inputs and outputs.



What is Shiny

- With Shiny you can very easily:
 - create Web input;
 - create form that calls R and thus your R code
 - display the results.



Reactive programming 1

► Given the following settings to the *a* and *b* variables, determine the new value of *b*:

```
a <- 3
b <- a + 2
a <- 7
```

- ▶ In imperative programming, b = 5.
- ▶ In reactive programming, b = 9.
- ▶ R is an imperative programming language. It will always get b = 5.



Reactive programming 2

▶ In the spreadsheet the use of the = B1 + 4 formula is an example of reactive programming.

	SUBTOTA	AL σ	(X v	f _x	=B1+3
1	А	В	С		D
1	=B1+3	4			
2					

► Changing the value in the field B1 triggers a new elaboration of the A1 value.

Start with Shiny

- Make sure you have the latest release of R installed
- If on windows, make sure that you have installed the shiny package.

```
install.packages("shiny")
libray(shiny)
```

See tutorial at

http://rstudio.github.io/shiny/tutorial/



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Basic Example

- ▶ A shiny project is a directory containing at least two parts:
 - 1. One named UI.R (for user interface) that controls how it looks.
 - 2. One named Server.R that controls what it does.

```
http://trestletechnology.net:3838/simpleGeyeser/
https://github.com/trestletech/shiny-sandbox/tree/
master/simpleGeyeser
```



UI.R

```
library(shiny)
shinyUI(pageWithSidebar(
  headerPanel("Hello Shiny!"),
  sidebarPanel(h3('Sidebar text')),mainPanel(h3('Main Panel text'))
))
```



Sever.R

```
library(shiny)
shinyServer(
function(input, output) {
}
)
```



To run it

- Change to the directories with these files and type runApp()
- Put the path to the directory as an argument
- ▶ It should open a browser window with the app running.



Shiny output

Hello Shiny!

Sidebar text

Main Panel text



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UI.R

Illustrating markup:

```
shinyUI(pageWithSidebar(
headerPanel("Illustrating markup"),
sidebarPanel(
h1('Sidebar panel'),
h1('H1 text'),
h2('H2 Text'),
h3('H3 Text'),
h4('H4 Text')
),
mainPanel(
h3('Main Panel text'),
code('some code'),
p('some ordinary text')
))
```



Shiny output

Illustrating markup

Sidebar panel

H1 text

H2 Text

H₃ Text

H4 Text

Main Panel text

some code some ordinary text



UI.R

Illustrating inputs:

```
shinyUI(pageWithSidebar(
headerPane1("Illustrating inputs"),
sidebarPane1(
numericInput('id1', 'Numeric input, labeled id1', 0,
min = 0, max = 10, step = 1),
checkboxGroupInput("id2", "Checkbox",
c("Value 1" = "1",
   "Value 2" = "2",
   "Value 3" = "3")),
dateInput("date", "Date:")
),
mainPanel(
)
))
```



Shiny output

Illustrating inputs

5	*
Checkbox	
☐ Value 1	
□ Value 2	
□ Value 3	
Date	
2014-01-15	

UI.R

Illustrating outputs:

```
mainPanel(
h3('Illustrating outputs'),
h4('You entered'),
verbatimTextOutput("oid1"),
h4('You entered'),
verbatimTextOutput("oid2"),
h4('You entered'),
verbatimTextOutput("odate")
)
```



Server.R

Illustrating outputs:

```
shinyServer(
function(input, output) {
  output$oid1 <- renderPrint({input$id1})
  output$oid2 <- renderPrint({input$id2})
  output$odate <- renderPrint({input$date})
}
)</pre>
```



Shiny output

Illustrating inputs





Details

- Code that you put before shinyServer in the Server.R function gets called once when you do runApp().
- Code inside the unnamed function of shinyServer(function(input, output)), but not in a reactive statement will run once for every new user (or page refresh).
- Code in reactive functions of shinyServer get run repeatedly as needed when new values are entered.



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Shiny

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Other things Shiny can do

- Allow users to upload or download files.
- Have editable data tables.
- Have a dynamic UI.
- User defined inputs and outputs.
- ▶ Put a submit button so that Shiny only executes complex code after user hits submit.



Distributing a Shiny Application

- The quickest way is to send (or put on bitbucket or dropbox or whatever) someone the application directory and they can then call runApp.
- ► You could create an R package and create a wrapper that calls runApp.
- ▶ Of course, these solutions only work if the user knows R.

Distributing a Shiny Application

- Another option is to run a shiny server.
- But thi requires setting up a Shiny server http://www.rstudio.com/shiny/server/
- Probably easiest if you use one of the virtual machines where they already have Shiny servers running well.
- ► Setting up a Shiny server is beyond the scope of this class as it involves some amount of linux server administration.