Booklet of

SUPPLEMENTARY EXERCISES

CONTENTS

- 1. Present Simple to be
- 2. Present Simple other verbs
- 3. Have got
- 4. Present Continuous
- 5. Present Continuous for the future
- 6. Present Simple/Present Continuous
- 7. Past Simple
- 8. Present Perfect experience
- 9. Present Perfect recent events
- 10. Present Perfect with for and since
- 11. Past Simple/Present Perfect
- 12. Going to future
- 13. Will future
- 14. Passive
- 15. Mixed tense practice
- 16. Adjectives, describing objects
- 17. Comparatives & Superlatives
- 18. Modal verbs
- 19. Mixed review practice

1.1 Write questions for these answers.

- 1) He's James.
- 2) I'm Swedish.
- 3) She's from Manchester.
- 4) It's thick.
- 5) It's ten o'clock.
- 6) It's brown.
- 7) Yes, it is a window.
- 8) It's under the window.
- 9) He's twelve years old.

1.2 Fill in the missing words.

- 1) Is this clock?
- 2) This is sun.
- 3) The opposite of narrow is
- 4) Is this a high building or a low?
- 5) What of car is this?
- 6) What are?

1.3 Put in order:

- 1. Venice or they Verona are from?
- 2. that is hot a or country one a cold?
- 3. fat woman that thin or isn't.
- 4. blue or is dark book light this blue?
- 5. colour what is envelope this?
- 6. or isn't the this moon the sun?
- 7. short those are boys Spanish or tall?
- 8. pencil the under chair the is?
- 9. the of is blue the left book on TV the.
- 10. the magazines are fashion sofa behind the.
- 11. other pink is the is one purple but.

1.4 Change to the plural.

- 1. That is an old car.
- 2. This phone is expensive.
- 3. I am American.
- 4. She isn't a rich woman.
- 5. This office is empty.
- 6. It is a high building.
- 7. That man is tall.
- 8. That river is wide.
- 9. This person is French.
- 10. It is heavy.

1.5 Change to the singular.

- 1. Apples are cheap.
- 2. Those people aren't tourists.
- 3. These Australian businessmen are rich.
- 4. These children are young.5. Those glasses are empty.
- 6. German cars are expensive.
- 7. They're Chinese books.

2.1 Fill in the gaps.

AFFERMATIVE	NEGATIVE	INTERROGATIVE

Iin Ferrara.	I don't to dance music.	I study Chinese?
You English.	You don't to university.	you speak English?
He a book in the evening.	He doesn't TV.	he live in Milan?
She volleyball.	She doesn't at the weekend.	she play tennis?
It at 7:15pm.	My car doesn't a radio.	the film have a good soundtrack?
We breakfast every morning.	We don't Spanish.	we finish at 3:00pm?
They lots of money.	They don't	they listen to classical music?

2.2 Make affermative (+), negative (-) or interrogative (?) sentences using the words given. Add any extra words that are necessary.

e.g. I /speak/Chinese (-) I don't speak Chinese.

- 1. they/work/office (+)
- 2. we/have/time (?)
- 3. she/like/rock music (+)
- 4. you/know/Susan (?)
- 5. Paul/take/a lot of/photos (-)
- 6. my brothers/live/Manchester (+)
- 7. she/play/guitar (?)
- 8. the lesson/finish/11:00 o'clock (+)
- 9. they/study/physics (-)
- 10. you/listen/music/home (?)
- 11. I/eat/meat (-)
- 12. it/rain/everyday/winter (+)
- 2.3 Complete the gaps with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

1.	1. The average American (wa	tch) more than three hours television a day.
2.	2. I(send) Stuart a letter every	Tuesday.
3.	3. Josh normally(practise)	tennis for about four hours a day.
4.	4. Where does Larry (buy) his	shoes?
5.	5. Anna isn't here. She always	(go) out for her lunch.
6.	6. My husband and I (spend) a	a lot of money on holidays.
7.	7. A good teacher always(c	orrect) our mistakes.
8.	8. Young people in Britain (ha	ve) a meal in a restaurant once or twice a month.

2.4 Complete the gaps with question words.

- do you live? In London.
 do you play football with? With my friend Peter.
 does he study? He studies Civil Engineering.
 does she go to school? From Monday to Friday.
 does the lesson finish? At 5:30pm.
 do we study English? Because it's an important international language.
 do they come to school? On foot.
 do you prefer? I prefer the first one.
 is that? It's mine.
- 2.5 Look at the answer and write the question. Pay attention to the underlined part and use a question word from the box.

Where How many	Which What kind of	When	How often How long	Why What like?	
1. I	like <u>rock and jazz</u> mu	sis			
	•				
	aren goes to Spain <u>o</u>				
	prefer the black boots .	<u> </u>			
	is <u>very snowy</u> .				
6. I	use my credit card <u>be</u>	ecause it's more	convenient than ca	<u>sh.</u>	
2.6 Make	e questions using the	following inform	ation. Then ask and	answer your questions with a partner	r/an
GROUP A	A				
2. A 3. N 4. A 5. C 6. B 7. A 8. T 9. s	flount Kilimanjaro = a. koala bear = a) aboulicole Kidman = a) Brich cheetah = a) 75kph capital of Australia = a razil = a) Portuguese in elephant = a) 10kpliche Amazon river = a) Jodie Foster famous = he's a writer igers live = a) in Asia	tt 5kg b) <u>abo</u> tish b) Am b) 98k a) Sydney b) Me b) Sp h b) 25 kph 2,000km b) <u>6,4</u> = a) because sh	out 12kg conerican c) Austra ph c) 112kpl elbourne consish c) Italian c) 40kph e's a singer b	e) about 18 kg lian h e) <u>Canberra</u> cm o) <u>because she's an actress</u> c) bec	caus
	B – LOOK AT THE NE		the following phrase	es and an adverb of frequency.	
о е	at in a restaurant				
o V	isit cousins / aunts an				
-	o to the beach in the so to the beach in the				
•	o skiing	wiitei			
	ash my car				
	ook dinner o dancing				
_	ee my mum / dad / br	others / sisters			
2.8 Make	sentences using the	following words	. Make anv necessa	rv changes.	
1. often/u	se/e-mail/I/at work	_			
	n my family/tea/never/ nd Jane/at the univers		m/sometimes		
4. you/cle	an the house/often/ho	ow?	, 0011101111100		
	go on holiday/travel/a				
_	o/often/go to the supe	market !			
	the missing words: your brother ea	at meat?			
	time do they get				

4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.	We dinner at eight o'clock. I often go
	O Put in order:
	you do who with usually running go? weekend do where they go at the usually?
	kind what car of your does drive boyfriend?
	best my work friend in bank a doesn't brother's
GR	OUP B – EXERCISE 2.6
	1. An Indian elephant = a) <u>about 5,500 kg</u> b) about 7,000 kg c) about 9,500 kg
	2. The Ganges (river) = a) 1,546km b) 2,510km c) 3,450km
	3. Naomi Campbell = a) <u>British</u> b) American c) South African
	 4. A kangaroo = a)30kph b) 48kph c) 75kph 5. JK Rowling famous = a) because she's a singer b) because she's an actress c) because she's a
	writer
	6. Manchester United = play at a) Anfield b) Upton Park c) Old Trafford
	7. Ayers Rock (Uluru) in Australia = a) <u>868m</u> b) 2,520m c) 3,642m
	8. Capital of Malaysia = a) Pyongyang b) <u>Kuala Lumpur</u> c) Hanoi 9. An African crocodile = a) 300cm b) <u>500cm</u> c) 800cm
	10. Countries in South America = a) 8 b) 13 c) 18
	, _ ,
3.1	Write sentences using either the verb "have got" or the verb "to be". Use the positive or the negative.
1.	Bungalows two storeys.
2.	Bricks baked in a kiln.
3.	Gasfossil fuel.
4.	Building with stone many advantages.
5. 6.	Computers useful in design. Brackets and finials made of cast iron.
0.	brackets and fillials made or cast from.
3.2	Fill in the missing words:
1.	Have you a computer?
2.	camera is this?
	Jim got a car?
	We haven't got pets. It isn't Kevin's; it's
	Have you a bike?
8.	Yes I he a new car?
a	No he
10.	What kind of house they?
11. 12	They a big Eve a black dog or a brown?
13.	She a brown .
14.	She a brown Have you got brothers sisters?

3.3 Put in order:

- 1. old you or have an watch got a one new?
- 2. your many got how children have friends?
- 3. your have what you in bag got?
- 4. James got sisters has brothers any or?
- 5. his sister my is to friend brother's married.

3.4 Choose the correct form of have got or to be:

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.		My name James. He 25 years old. I a new watch. How old you? they from London? How much money he ? No, I a cat.
8.		We Spanish, we French.
9.		Itvery hot today.
10. 11.		Sally my best friend.
12.		you married? they any children?
13.		I single. I a boyfriend.
14.		His phone number
15.		She an e-mail address.
16.		Where he from?
17.		What her address?
18.		he German?
19.		What she in her bag?
20.		Who you?
4 1	\//r	ite affirmative sentences. Use short forms.
7.1	1.	The train (to go) through the tunnel.
	2.	The kids (to have) a picnic in the park.
	3.	You (to lie)!
	4.	They (to run).
	5.	She (to prepare) tea.
	6.	It (to rain) at the moment.
	7.	I (to travel) alone this summer.
	8.	Call 999! This man (to die).

4.2 Write negative sentences.

1.	The sun	(to shine). It is raining
2.	The baby	(to cry). It is sleeping.
3.	1	. (to go) to school this week. It is a h

- holiday! 4. She (to wear) a coat today. It's too hot.
- 5. They (to work) hard. They're having a break.
- 6. Jimmy and Ann (to argue). They're best friends.

4.3 Put in order:

- 1. driving car what of kind he is?
- 2. the is phoning he the or doctor hospital?
- 3. my with drinking at I'm beer friends moment the.
- 4. today parents going holiday on our aren't.
- 5. a homework game but doing Sam playing Phillip his is video is.

4.4 Fill in the missing words:

1.	 I disturbing you?
2.	 sport is he playing?

- We aren't listening music.
 are they talking to?
 He's sleeping the moment.
 He's his new bike.
 We're having now.
 are we doing?
 We aren't a cup of tea.
 What your brother studying?
 His sister's a shower.
- 12. our daughter smoking?4.5 Write questions for these answers:
- They're eating fish.
- 2. Yes, I am studying.
- 3. They're using our computer.
- 4. I'm sitting in the kitchen.
- 5. No, he isn't shopping

5.1 Look at the information and make sentences about Matthew's day:

21st January

7:10 Breakfast meeting- Mr Wong (example): He's having a breakfast meeting with Mr Wong at 7:10am.

- 11:05 Tennis- Miss Simpson
- 12:30 Lunch- Maria
- 1:45 meeting- Tom Holdsworth
- 3:50 shopping- Sarah
- 5:20 Annabel (at her new house)
- 8:00 Dinner-Louise
- 10:15 drinks- Jenny
- 5.2 Now write the questions for these answers, using the information from exercise 5.1.
 - 1) At 12:30.
 - 2) He's playing tennis with Miss Simpson.
 - 3) Louise.
 - 4) They're going shopping.
 - 5) No, he's having drinks with Jenny.

5.3 Use the words below to make two questions: the first a yes/no question, and the second an open question.

(go out) for a meal this evening? (Where...?)
 (do) anything special this weekend? (What...?)
 (go) shopping tomorrow? (Who...with?)
 (meet) someone after the lesson? (Who...?)
 (take) an exam in the future? (Which...?)
 (go) abroad this summer? (Where...?)

Now ask and answer the questions with a partner.

6.1 Put these words in order to make questions.

- 1) the / do / time / in / you / up / morning / what / get ?
- 2) are / where / you / from ?
- 3) the / they / to / or / listening / watching / are / TV / radio ?
- 4) Paul's / are / how / sisters / old ?

- 5) your / sitting / in / I / chair / am?
- 6) in / is / the / sunbathing / garden / David?

6.2 Put these words in order to make answers, then match them to the questions from exercise 6.1

- a) your / 's/ with / he / football / no / playing / brother .
- b) about / at / up / 7:30 / get / I.
- c) but / from / live / Edinburgh, / we / we / in / 're / Glasgow / now .
- d) TV / 're / they / watching .
- e) 16 / 19 / and / 're / thev.
- f) no / not / 's / mine / it.

6.3 Answer these questions.

- 1) What do you do?
- 2) What are you doing at the moment?
- 3) Do you have English lessons every day?
- 4) When do you have English lessons?
- 5) Which language are you speaking in at the moment?
- 6) Which language do you usually speak?
- 7) Do you speak any other languages?
- 8) Are you listening to music?
- 9) Do you often listen to music?
- 10) What kind of music do you usually listen to?
- 11) Are you reading a book at the moment?
- 12) Do you read much?
- 13) What do you read?
- 14) Do you smoke?
- 15) How many cigarettes do you smoke in a day?
- 16) Are you smoking at the moment?

6.4 Correct the underlined mistakes in these sentences:

- 1. What you are doing?
- 2. I'm wearing a jumper blue.
- 3. He watching TV.
- 4. I don't writing at the moment.
- 5. Is she watching TV or listening music?
- 6. Are you listening? Yes, I'm.
- 7. What is you usually wear to work?
- 8. I'm playing basketball on Wednesday evenings.
- 9. She don't work in an office, she work in a bank.
- 10. What the women drinking? Are drinking champagne.

7.1 Fill in the gaps.

AFFERMATIVE	NEGATIVE	INTERROGATIVE
ITV	I didn't to the cinema.	Did I play basketball?
yesterday.		
You football last	You didn't breakfast	like the film?
week.	this morning	
He to school on	He do his	Did he take a lot of photos?

Friday.	homework.	
She died in 1996.	She to the radio yesterday.	Did shopping yesterday?
The film at 10pm.	It didn't snow last winter.	the lesson finish early?
We studied History this morning.	We didn't see Paul at the concert.	we see Maria on Friday?
They worked very hard.	They didn't in a big house.	they enjoy the party?

7.2 Complete the gaps.

1.	"Where you on Saturday evening?" "I was the cinema."
2.	This morning I up at 8:30 and I had breakfast, then I the house at 8:55
3.	I cleaned the kitchen yesterday but I clean the bedroom or the bathroom.
4.	Frank live in a big house when he was young?
5.	" there many shops in Middleton?" "No there weren't."
6.	He ate a lot at dinner but he eat much at breakfast.
7.	"Was anybody in the classroom?" "No, there nobody."
8.	It a good place to go because there too many toursits.
9.	What time you meet John Paul yesterday?
10.	Helen didn't to work on Friday; she stayed at home and relaxed all day.

7.3 Use the verbs in brackets to complete the story with the past simple. Some of the verbs are irregular in the past.

Cinderella (lives) in a small village in the north of England. She (has) two sisters; they (are) very ugly.
Cinderella (works) hard all day. She (cleans) the house and (cooks) the meals and (doesn't have) time to relax.
Her two ugly sisters (are) very lazy; they never (do) anything. Cinderella (is) very unhappy.
One day, a letter (comes) to the house. One of the ugly sisters (opens) the envelope and
(says), "Fantastic! There is a party at the Prince's house. I can wear my new red dress and Esmerelda can wear
her new blue dress, but Cinderella can't go because her dress is old and dirty and she hasn't got any shoes."
On Saturday at 8 o'clock, the ugly sisters (go) to the party. Cinderella (sits) in the kitchen. She (is) very sad.
There (is) a ring at the door. Cinderella (opens) the door. There (is) a woman. She
(says), "Hello! I am your Fairy Godmother. Why are you sad?"
Cinderella (says) "I want to go to the party but I haven't got any beautiful clothes."
The Fairy Godmother (says) "No problem, here is a new dress and some glass shoes. Now you can go to
the party, but you must return before 12 o'clock." Cinderella (says) "Thank you."
With the glass shoes and the red dress Cinderella (looks) very pretty. She (goes) to the party.
The party (is) very good. The Prince (asks) Cinderella to dance and they (dance)
together for a long time. The Prince (says) to Cinderella, "I like your dress and you are very pretty."
Cinderella (is) very happy. She (forgets) what time it (is). Suddenly the clock rang.
Cinderella (says), "Oh no! I must go. It is 12 o'clock." She (runs) home, at the door of the Prince's
house she (lose) her shoe.

7.4 Choose the correct option for each gap.

I don't usually do/did a lot at the weekend but last Sunday I was/were/had very busy. In the morning I *get up/got up/did get up* really early, at 6:30am and *go/went/didn't go* to the airport to meet my friend Stefan who *is/was/were* Canadian. Then we *go/went/did* go to Warwick city centre and *see/saw* the castle there. It *is/was/were* good fun and very interesting. Then we *have/had/did have* lunch in a café near the castle. After that we *relax/relaxed* in the park for about an hour before going to Coventry. In Coventry we *meet/met* my friend

James. James *plays/played* football for a local team so in the afternoon we *watch/watched* their football game. In the evening we *are/was/were* very tired so we just relaxed at home and *go/went* to bed at 11:00pm!

8.1	Complete these	questions in the	present perfect with ar	n appropriate verb in the	past participle.
-----	----------------	------------------	-------------------------	---------------------------	------------------

- 1) Have you ever to Paris?
- 2) Have you ever golf?
- 3) Have you ever Chinese food?
- 4) Have you ever skiing?
- 5) Have you ever Tequila?
- 6) Have you ever snails?
- 7) Have you ever a famous person?
- 8) Have you ever by aeroplane?
- 9) Have you ever a race?
- 10) Have you ever a zoo?

Now ask and answer the questions with a partner. If your partener answers "yes" ask if they have done it just once or twice or many times.

8.2 Make affermative or negative sentences about your personal experiences using the present perfect and the verb phrases below.

- 1) see a shark
- 2) eat sushi
- 3) go to Sicily
- 4) crash a car
- 5) play hockey
- 6) write a love letter
- 7) use a video camera
- 8) go scuba diving
- 9) sleep in a field
- 10) lose my wallet
- 11) break a bone
- 12) do karaoke
- 13) drive in a foreign country
- 14) touch a snake

9.1 Complete the sentences using "just" if necessary, and the present perfect form of the verb phrases in the box.

see a ghost	finish work	wake up	break her leg
receive a big present	spend all my money	hear some bad news	have a fight with someone
1) Why does Tom look s	o tired? Oh it's hecaus	e he	
2) Do you want to go for			and I want to relax!
B) Wow your face is pale			and I want to relax:
4) Sorry but could you le			and I need to go to the
oank.			•
5) Are you OK? Yes, l'ı	m all right, but I		about a friend of mine.
6) Is Sarah playing in the	e volleyball match on Fr	day? No, she can't; she	:
7) Kevin looks happy, do	oesn't he? Yes, he		from his parents.
S) Sorry I'm not in a goo	d mood at all at the mor	nent. I	and I'm still angry.

10.1 Do we use FOR or SINCE with these time phrases?

- 1) last year
- 2) three weeks

- 3) a long time
- 4) 1998
- 5) Monday morning
- 6) 10 minutes ago
- 7) more than 10 years
- 8) about 20 minutes
- 9) I was a child
- 10) 17th December
- 11) six months
- 12) I was born

10.2 Make one sentence using the present perfect from the information given.

- 1) Paul is a chemist. He became a chemist in 2001.
- 2) Paul is married to Susie. They got married ten years ago.
- 3) Paul has a dog. He got his dog in January of this year.
- 4) Paul lives in Brighton. He moved to Brighton in 1995.
- 5) Paul has blonde hair. He had blonde hair when he was born.
- 6) Paul loves ice skating. He started to like it when he was a teenager.
- 7) Paul's best friend is Michael. They met when they were at university together.
- 8) Paul has a car. He bought it four weeks ago.

10.3 Make true sentences about yourself using the verb phrases below and the present perfect with for or since.

- 1) live in....
- 2) have my ... (car, mobile phone, dog etc)
- 3) know my friend ...
- 4) study
- 5) be in this classroom...

11.1 Use the time phrases in the box to complete the sentences below.

last year when I was young yet	
1. I learnt to windsurf 2. I went to France 3. I had a red bike 4. I bought a new car 5. I've eaten snails 6. I've been windsurfing 7. I've seen 'The Sound of Music' 8. I haven't done much exercise 9. I've been to the bank. 10. I haven't decided where to go on holiday	

11.2 Make two questions for each of the following activities: the first using the present perfect and the second, for further information, using the past simple. Use the example to help you.

eg. speak to a famous person

Have you ever spoken to a famous person? Who was it?

- 1) cry at the cinema
- 2) do a bungee jump
- 3) have a horrible meal in a restuarant
- 4) perform at the theatre
- 5) study Spanish

- 6) break a window7) be on TV

- 8) write a poem
 9) have dance lessons
 10) read a book in English
 11) cook dinner for 6 people or more
 12) climb a mountain

11.3 Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verb in brackets.

	1. I	(be) born in July.
	2. I	(be) here since Monday.
	When	(do) your homework?
	4. How long	(be) in England?
	5. We	(start) studying in 1998.
	6. He	(live) in London for 8 years, and he really likes it there.
	7. They	(only know) each other for 3 months but they (be) already best friends.
	8. Sne	(work) at IBM for 15 years, and now she (work) for Princeton Informatics.
		(not be) able to phone you yesterday. _ (not see) him yet.
	10. I 11 Ha	(go) to Paris 3 years ago.
	12 He still	(go) to 1 and 3 years ago. (finish) the project.
	13. When I	(see) the film I (cry).
	14. Thev	(just come back) from the shops.
	15. I	(meet) him 2 years ago.
	16. She	(not write) to me for ages.
	17. She	(arrive) last week.
		_ (not finish) my homework yet but I'll do it soon I promise.
	19. He	(have) the same haircut since he (be) 18 years old.
	20. l	_ (not have) much work to do this week.
11.4	Choose the cor	rect form of the verb in brackets:
1	Tony (never, be	e) to this country before.
2	• •	this film before. (you, see) it?
3		to the United States? - Yes, I (go) there last year.
4		et) my friend? - No, she (not meet) him yet.
5		to an Eskimo? - No, I (not meet) one yet.
6	· ·	sit) the National Gallery?
7		there? - He (go) there last January.
8		e) a big blue Ford parking in front of our house.
9		cricket yet. But I (play) twice since last May.
10		out last Sunday because it (rain)
11	Is the window o	pen? - Yes, I (just, open)it.
12	Where is Mary-	Joe? - She (go) to the shops.
13	Is Dora in? - Ye	s, she (be) to the bank, but she (just, come) back.
14	Have we got an	ything to eat? - No, I (not be) to the shops yet.
15	Where are the	children? - They (go) to the park a minute ago.
16	How long (you,	live) in this street? - We (move) here two years ago.
17		ot have) a holiday by the seaside for seven years.
18		
	•	at the cinema last night but I (not see) him since
	He (be)	at the cinema last night but I (not see)
19 20	He (be)	at the cinema last night but I (not see) him since. to the market and (bring) some vegetables, here they (be). at home now, he (go) to the post office.

12.1 Make true affermative or negative sentences about yourself using the words given and the future with going to.

- 1) go abroad this summer
- 2) start a new job in the next year
- 3) work all summer
- 4) use English in my job in the future
- 5) continue studying English next year
- 6) redecorate a room in my house/flat this year
- 7) study a different language next year
- 8) visit family or friends this weekend
- 9) buy something expensive in the next few months
- 10) go on holiday in Italy in the next few weeks

13.1 Complete the gaps in these questions and answers.

In '	the year 3000	'			
1)	Will aliens liv	e earth? -	I	think	
2)	Will be	e world peace? -	I	don't	so
3)	Will people _	books? -	I	hope	
4)	Will everyone	e English	i? - I	hope	
5)	What	people eat? -	I	know.	
6)	Will there	pollution? -	`	Yes, wi	II.
7)	Will	be alive? -		. I won't.	

13.2 Answer these questions with your opinions.

Do you think...

- 1. it will be hot tomorrow?
- 2. you'll be late for the lesson next Monday?
- 3. you'll have problems with your car this week?
- 4. you will win the lottery this weekend?
- 5. it will rain tomorrow?
- 6. there will be a test next lesson?
- 7. you'll go on holiday next year?
- 8. you'll get any letters in the post tomorrow?
- 9. ____ will study English at the weekend?
- 10. Italy will win the next football world cup?

13.3 Choose the correct option in these sentences with predictions about the future.

- 1) Computers will be/are very small.
- 2) People probably don't will/won't wear plastic clothes.
- 3) People will probably work/will work probably at home.
- 4) Some animals won't exist/won't be exist anymore.
- 5) It/There will be lots of very big cities.
- 6) There won't be/People aren't will drive any cars.

Do you agree with the sentences in exercise 13.3? Mark "I" if you agree and "X" if you don't agree. Now change the sentences to questions and ask your partner for his or her opinion.

13.4 Write 8 sentences of your own with predictions about the future. Use the following topics for ideas.

pollution school / university food computers	music politics cars language	sport clothes / fashion houses TV / newspapers	war aliens family
---	---------------------------------------	---	-------------------------

1)

2)

3)

4) 5)

6)

7)

8)

14.1 Underline all examples of the passive in the following text. Then say which passive tense each example is (present simple passive, past simple passive etc).

The idea of a link between England and France was first considered in the early 18th century. During the last 250 years, many different projects have been conceived.

In 1802, a tunnel for horses and carriages was proposed by Mathieu, a French engineer. In Mathieu's drawings, iron tubes were shown between the tunnel and the surface of the sea, to let light into the tunnel. In 1803, engineers in Napoleon's army also suggested building a Channel tunnel. The project was intended to enable the French army to invade England.

The first detailed design of a Channel tunnel was done by another French engineer, Aime Thorne de Gamond, in 1879.

Several bridges over the Channel have also been designed. In 1889 a bridge was proposed by the Frenchman, Hersent. It was intended to carry trains over the sea. In 1925 a road bridge, with a central canal, was conceived by Jules Jaeger, a Swiss engineer.

14.2 Change the underlined examples of the passive from exercise 15.1 into active sentences.

14.3 Change the sentences below into passives. Use "by ..." only if necessary.

- 1. In the past, people could only cross the Channel by ferry, hovercraft or plane.
- 2. Today you can also make the journey through the 'Chunnel'.
- 3. It is possible to take cars and trucks through the tunnel inside a special shuttle.
- 4. In July 1987 the French and British governments made the decision to build a tunnel under the Channel.
- 5. In February 1998, workers started work in France and England at the same time.
- 6. In May1994 Queen Elizabeth II and President Mitterrand opened the Channel Tunnel.

15.1 Make questions and answers using "how many times" and the verbs below in the correct tense:

- 1) (go) to the cinema this week?
- 2) (go) to the gym next week?
- 3) (go) on holiday last summer?
- 4) (go) to the supermarket this week?
- 5) (have) a cup of coffee yesterday?
- 6) (eat) dinner today?
- 7) (go) skiing this year?
- 8) (eat) in a restaurant this year?
- 9) (check) your email last week?

10) (see) your family next month?

16.1 Draw the correct shapes in the spaces.

2-dimensional shapes			3-dimensional shapes		
shape	noun	adj.	adj. shape		adj.
	circle	circular		sphere	spherical
	square	square		cube	cubic
	triangle	triangular		pyramid	pyramidal
	rectangle	rectangular		cylinder	cylindrical
	pentagon	pentagonal		tube	tubular (hollow)
	hexagon	hexagonal		rectangular prism	rectangular
	semi-circle	semi-circular (curved)		hemi-sphere	hemi-spherical (rounded)
	oval / ellipse	oval / elliptical		ellipsoid	ellipsoidal / egg- shaped

16.2 State the opposites.

- Big
 Cold
- 3) Expensive
- 4) Fast
- 5) New
- 6) Young 7) Long 8) Tall 9) Fat

- 10) Thick
- 11) Wide
- 12) Empty
- 13) Heavy
- 14) Rich
- 15) Dark

16.3 Complete the gaps

1)	How	is the pencil?	It's exactly 150	em long.
2)	How	is the house?	It's about 6m h	nigh.
3)	How	is the road?	It's approximat	tely 2.5m wide.
4)	How	is the object?	It's just under 3	3kg.
5)	How much does the	ne block?	It	almost 45g.
6)	What	_ is a test-tube?	It's transparent	t.
7)	What	_ is a conical flask?	It's roughly cor	nical.
8)	What is a beaker	of?	It's	_ of glass.
9)	What does a pen	?	It	ink.
10)	What is chalk	for?	It's	for writing on a blackboard.

16.4 Write three sentences to describe each object.









16.5 Put in order:

- 1. these of objects made plastic of are which?
- 2. new much how your weigh baby does?
- 3. those do books heavy contain boxes?
- 4. are but made the one is of made metal wood others of.
- 5. consists a cylinder a of pencil and tube a wooden graphite

16.6 Correct the underlined mistakes in these sentences.

- 1. It's used for cook.
- They aren't made of the glass.
 It don't weigh 200 g.
- 4. It's used for to write e-mails.
- 5. They're both flats.
- 6. Is it rectangular shape?
- What's it consist of?
 We use it for store information.
 They're use for drawing.
- 10. What's colour that car

17.1 Complete the gaps in these superlative questions.

a) What is	(long) river in the world?
b) is	(popular) sport in your country?
c) is	(rich) man in Italy?
d) is	(big) country in Europe?
e) Where is	(old) university in Europe?
f) is	(young) person in your family?
g) is	(tall) person in your family?
h) Who is	(intelligent) student in your class?

Now write what you think are the answers to the questions.

17.2 Fill in the gaps.

1.	He's the boy in the team.
2.	I'm than you.
3.	Are you as as you were
4.	The Amazon is than the Nile.
5.	This one is less expensive that one.
6.	Is your car than his?
7.	She's most beautiful girl in the class.
8.	I go more often her.
9.	I'm as as my brother.

10. He's as strong as her.

17.3 Put in order.

- 1. As sister intelligent his younger as he isn't .
- 2. the world the highest in it mountain is.
- 3. last heavier am now than was I year.
- 4. the the is Italy longest Po in river.
- 5. as they us yes, as happy are
- 18.1 Complete the sentences about life as a university student with "can" "can"t" "have to" or "don't have to".

As a university student, I ...

- 1) ...eat at my desk when I'm studying
- 2) ...organize my own schedule
- 3) ...make boring phone calls all day
- 4) ...wear jeans if I want to
- 5) ...start at 8:30 am on a Monday
- 6) ...smoke during lessons
- 7) ...listen to music while working
- 8) ...be polite all the time
- 9) ...work/study in the evening
- 10) ...take a tea break whenever I want
- 11) ...do a lot of writing
- 12) ...stay in bed late in the morning
- 13) ...go to a lot of meetings
- 14) ...take time off if I need it
- 15) ...go to work on Saturdays

18.2 Match these problems with the correct pieces of advice.

- 1) I feel really sick.
- 2) My homework's really difficult.
- 3) I'm always tired.
- 4) I don't have any money.
- 5) I want to meet new friends.
- 6) I want to buy some new jeans.
- 8) I don't want to go to the party.
- 7) I broke my brother's new CD.
- a) You should buy him a new one.
- b) You should join a sports club or a drama group.
- c) You should get a part-time job.
- d) You should go, I think you'll enjoy yourself.
- e) You should go to bed earlier.
- f) You should ask your teacher to help you.
- g) You should go to the doctor.
- h) You should go to "Levi Warehouse" it's really cheap.

18.3 Complete the following sentences about teachers and students with "should", "shouldn't" or "mustn't" according to your opinion.

1)	i eachers	_ ask students difficult questions.
2)	Teachers	_ tell students' parents if they don't study.
3)	Teachers	get angry with students who don't know the answer.
4)	Teachers	give tests every month.
5)	Teachers	_ smoke in the classroom.
6)	Teachers	_ listen to students' opinions.
7)	Teachers	_ always give homework.
8)	Students	help each other to do the exercises.
9)	Students	write important things down.
10)	Students	copy from other students.
11)	Students	be able to choose the subjects they want to study.
12)	Students	be able to finish school at 14, if they want to.

18.4 Circle the correct form in the following sentences.

1. I'm sorry, Sir, but you don't have to / can't / should go through that door. It's private.

- 2. A: I have a terrible headache and I feel sick.
 - B: I think you should / can / have to go to bed.
- 3. You don't have to / can / have to wear jeans or trousers at work if you want to.
- 4. You shouldn't / can't / don't have to speak English for this job, but it's very useful when you're travelling.
- 5. You shouldn't / don't have to / can smoke if you want to be healthy.
- 6. Passengers can / have to / should go through security before they get on the plane.

19.1 PROGRESS TEST MID-COURSE

	t these words in the correct order. this / people / are / in / how / room / many / there?	(10 points)
2.	wife / cousin's / know / my / do / you?	
3.	hotel / the / is / left / the / of / new / supermarket / on / the?	
4.	your / all / yesterday / you / morning / did / homework / do?	
5.	yet / not / repaired / I / the / computer / broken / have	
Wr	ite the questions for these answers.	(10 points)
1.	"?" "Because she didn't have time."	
2.	"?" "He's only been there once."	
3.	"?" "He's playing football in the garden."	
4.	"?" "No, I hate it."	
5.	"?" "I'm Spanish."	
	ite one missing word. I can't French very well.	(10 points)
2.	There isn't wine in the bottle.	
3.	She really going to the cinema.	
4.	Harry got a beautiful new bike.	
5.	We have just our lunch.	
6.	What kind of music are they to?	
7.	My father often photos.	

8.	I at nome yesterday evening.
9.	She goes skiing, she loves it!
10.	My live in the same town as me.
(1)_ exa plan artifl also 1. a 2. a 3. a 4. a 5. a 6. a 7. a 8. a 9. a	cose the best option for each gap in the test. ———————————————————————————————————
TO	TAL - / 50 points
19.:	2 Make questions for these answers. 1. No, it won't. 2. I think Stratford upon Avon is probably the most popular. 3. No, but she has to wear smart clothes. 4. Because I wanted to buy some aspirin. 5. Yes, I've got 2 sisters. 6. About 300 or 350 rooms I think, in total. 7. I'm going to stay in Ferrara and work in a restaurant. I'm not going to study. 8. Because it's too big. 9. Yes, I can, but not very well. 10. It's blue. 11. Yes, I like it a lot. 12. Never. 13. I went to the supermarket, I had lunch at my friends house and then I watched a film at home. 14. I hope so. 15. It's the 25 th of December. 16. It's about 2.75m wide.
	1. / old /you? 2. / shape / pencil? 3. What / you / yesterday evening? 4. / often / watch TV? 5. / like reading? 6. What / you going to / after the lesson? 7. / you speak English when you / seven? 8. How long / you lived in / house? 9. / countries / visited? 10. / an expensive bag / cheap one? 11. What / doing at the moment? v ask and answer the questions with a partner.

(*) inlingua