

Saturday, 27 August 2011

09:00	10:50		Avian brood parasitism – a model system for co-evolution	Bayesian analysis in avian population ecology	Impacts of environmental change on birds in alpine environments	Birds & Humans	Evolution
10:50	11:20	<i>Coffee break</i>					
11:20	12:00	<i>Posters</i>					
12:00	12:30	Opening					
12:30	13:30	Jenni-Eiermann					
13:30	15:10	<i>Lunch</i>					
15:10	17:00	New insights in population dynamics from multi-state mark-recapture models	Selection for urban life -from the individual to the community	Non-native birds in Europe: driving forces, mechanisms and consequences	Conservation I	Immunology	Migration
17:00	17:30	<i>Coffee break</i>					
17:30	18:30	Bijlsma					
18:30	19:30	General Meeting					
19:30	21:00	<i>Dinner</i>					
21:00	22:00	Latvian evening					

Sunday, 28 August 2011

09:00	10:00	Hau					
10:00	10:30	<i>Coffee break</i>					
10:30	12:20		Ecological immunology of birds	Information use and adaptive habitat selection	Predictive modeling in ornithology - recent problems, novel solutions and future challenges	Movement ecology	Reproduction
12:20	14:00	<i>Lunch</i>					
14:00	16:00	<i>Posters</i>					
16:00	16:40	<i>Coffee break</i>					
16:40	18:30		Ecological energetics	Bird collisions - more than meets the (human) eye	Africa matters! A sub-Saharan perspective of Life History and Ecology of Palearctic migrant birds	Conservation II	Stress
18:30	20:00	<i>Dinner</i>					

20:00	21:50	Charismatic species as a tool in nature conservation: the White Stork as an example	Assessing new threats to birds in agricultural landscapes and implication for conservation strategies in Europe	Flagship at risk – large-scale monitoring of Black Stork (<i>Ciconia nigra</i>) populations	Bad practice in field biology – what should be done?	
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Tuesday, 30 August 2011							
09:00	10:00	Barta					
10:00	10:30	Coffee break					
10:30	12:20	Impact of forestry on populations of threatened bird species, conservation strategies and methods	Why are hormone concentrations so variable within and between species?	The applicability and usefulness of bio-logging for terrestrial ornithological studies	Population ecology	Climate change	Behaviour
12:20	14:00	Lunch					
14:00	14:40	Posters					
14:40	16:30	Lifelong individual development as an important component of life history	Dispersal meets Biogeography – How dispersal affects range dynamic processes	Tracking small long-distance migrants throughout their annual cycle	Hormones and Behaviour	Timing	Monitoring
16:30	17:00	Coffee break					
17:00	18:00	Sutherland					
18:00	18:30	Closing					
18:30	20:00	Dinner					